G1 in 5 min

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Reference

- Brendan Cordy
 Diagonalization & The Fixed Point Lemma
 http://qubd.github.io/files/FixedPointLemma.pdf,
- Yong Cheng Current research on Gödel's incompleteness theorems Bulletin of Symbolic Logic, 2021, 113-167

Self-Reference

- -Can you write a statement which is true iff Alice is reading it?
- o Yes! 'Alice is reading this statement.' Because this statement is true iff Alice is reading this statement iff Alice is reading it!

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- -Can you write a statement which is true iff Alice is reading it?
- oYes! 'Alice is reading this statement.' Because this statement is true iff Alice is reading this statement iff Alice is reading it!
- -What is 'this statement'?
- \circ 'Alice is reading this statement.'
- -What is 'this statement' exactly?!
- o'Alice is reading this statement.'

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Congratulations! Now you know what is 'Self-reference' (or 'Self-contain').

-I don't like 'this'. Please give an answer without use of the annoying 'this'.

 $\circ emm$, how about

Alice is reading the statement 'Alice is reading the statement'

-I don't like 'this'. Please give an answer without use of the annoying 'this'.

oemm, how about

Alice is reading the statement 'Alice is reading the statement'

- -Kinda not working.
- -Because this statement is true

if and only if **Alice** is reading the statement '**Alice** is reading the statement',

which is not the same as **Alice** is reading "**Alice** is reading the statement '**Alice** is reading the statement".

Substition

Let r(x) be 'My favorite sentence is x', where x is called a variable.

If c means $Good\ morning$, then r(c) means

My favorite sentence is 'Good morning'.

If b means My favorite sentence is x, then r(b) means

My favorite sentence is 'My favorite sentence is x'.

Notice: the x here is not a variable!

Diagonalization

So for any formula s(x) with one variable, we call s(`s(x)") its diagonalization.

Then consider the sentence

Alice is reading the diagonalization of 'Alice is reading the diagonalization of x'

Bingo!

What did Gödel do?

A statement which is true iff Alice is reading it?

Fixed Point

What did Gödel do?

A statement which is true iff Alice is reading it?

Fixed Point

Then you can similarly get a statement that

The statement is true iff it has no proof (in PA.)

Get G1!

Non-trivial and technical parts:

- Code/Arithmetization
- The Diagonalization function is recursive.
- The notion of 'proof' and related concepts in G1 and G2 are then expressed ('represented') via arithmetization.