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Sommersemester 18
01.06.2018

Gewöhnliche Differentialgleichungen

Blatt 8

Aufgabe 1. Solve on \mathbb{R}^3 the system of odes $\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t)$, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Aufgabe 2. Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$. If

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix},$$

show that the matrix of e^{T_A} is

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^a & 0 \\ 0 & e^b \end{bmatrix}.$$

Aufgabe 3. If $T \in L(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, and E is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^n , show the following:

- (i) If λ is an eigenvalue of T and x is an eigenvector of T that belongs to λ , then x is an eigenvector of e^T that belongs to e^λ .
- (ii) If E is T -invariant, then E is e^T -invariant.

Aufgabe 4. If $L(\mathbb{R}^n)^{-1}$ is the set of all invertible operators in $L(\mathbb{R}^n)$, the following hold:

- (i) The map $\exp : L(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow L(\mathbb{R}^n)$, defined by $T \mapsto e^T$, is a map from $L(\mathbb{R}^n)$ to $L(\mathbb{R}^n)^{-1}$.
- (ii) The map \exp is continuous.
- (iii) If $T \in L(\mathbb{R}^n)$ such that $\|T\| < 1$, then
 - (a) the series $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} T^k$ converges,
 - (b) $I_n - T \in L(\mathbb{R}^n)^{-1}$, and

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} T^k = \frac{1}{I_n - T}.$$

- (iv) The set $L(\mathbb{R}^n)^{-1}$ is an open subset of $L(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Abgabe. Donnerstag, 14. Juni 2018 in der Vorlesung.

Besprechung. Montag, 18. Juni 2018, in der Übung.