## Mathematical Statistical Physics, 2015 Homework Problems, LMU

## Issued: July 1, 2015; deadline for handing in the solutions: July 7, 2015, 10 pm (22:00)

31. Consider the Heisenberg Hamiltonian on a hypercube  $\Lambda = [-L, \cdots, L]^d \cap \mathbb{Z}^d$ ,

$$H_{\Lambda}^{(h,u)} := -2 \sum_{\{x,y\} \in E_{\Lambda}} \left( S_x^1 S_y^1 + u S_x^2 S_y^2 + S_x^3 S_y^3 \right) - h \sum_{x \in \Lambda} S_x^3, \qquad u \in [-1,1].$$

$$(77)$$

where  $E_{\Lambda}$  is the set of bonds of  $\Lambda$  and the last term corresponds to the interaction with a constant external magnetic field h > 0 in the '3'-direction. Let  $M_{\Lambda} := |\Lambda|^{-1} \sum_{x \in \Lambda} S_x^3$  be the average magnetisation observable. Define the residual and spontaneous magnetisations as

$$m_{\rm res} := \lim_{h \to 0^+} \liminf_{L \to \infty} \omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(h,u)} \left( M_{\Lambda} \right) \tag{78}$$

$$m_{\rm sp} = \liminf_{L \to \infty} \omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(0,u)} \left( |M_{\Lambda}| \right) \tag{79}$$

where  $\omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(h,u)}$  is the finite volume Gibbs state of  $H_{\Lambda}^{(h,u)}$ .

(i) Prove that there are constants  $C_1, C_2 > 0$ , uniform in  $\Lambda$ , such that

$$C_1 \omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(0,u)} \left( |M_{\Lambda}| \right)^2 \le \omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(0,u)} \left( (M_{\Lambda})^2 \right) \le C_2 \omega_{\beta,\Lambda}^{(0,u)} \left( |M_{\Lambda}| \right) \tag{80}$$

(ii) Prove that

$$m_{\rm res} \ge m_{\rm sp}.$$
 (81)

32. Let  $A, B \in \mathcal{A}_{\Lambda}$  and we shall drop the index  $\Lambda$ . We consider Duhamel's two-point function

$$(A,B)_{\beta} := Z(\beta)^{-1} \int_0^1 \operatorname{Tr} \left( e^{-s\beta H} A e^{-(1-s)\beta H} B \right) ds.$$
(82)

(i) Basic properties.
Prove that (A, B)<sub>β</sub> = (B, A)<sub>β</sub>.
Is the thermal two-point function ω<sub>β</sub>(AB) also symmetric?
Prove Schwarz's inequality,

$$|(A,B)_{\beta}|^{2} \le (A^{*},A)_{\beta}(B^{*},B)_{\beta}$$
(83)

(ii) Relation to thermal expectations and the KMS condition. Compute the thermal expectation value  $\omega_{\beta}(A)$  using Duhamel's twopoint function.

Conversely, let  $\tau_t(A) = \exp(itH)A\exp(-itH)$ , and let  $\tau_z$  be its analytic continuation in the strip  $\operatorname{Im}(z) \leq 1$ . Show that

$$(A,B)_{\beta} = \int_0^1 \omega_{\beta}(B\tau_{\mathbf{i}s\beta}(A))ds \tag{84}$$

(iii) Bogoliubov's inequality.

Use a convexity argument for the function

$$h_{\beta}(s) := \operatorname{Tr}\left(\mathrm{e}^{-s\beta H}A^{*}\mathrm{e}^{-(1-s)\beta H}A\right)$$
(85)

to show that

$$(A^*, A)_{\beta} \le \frac{1}{2}\omega_{\beta}(\{A^*, A\})$$
 (86)

Further, prove that

$$\omega_{\beta}([A,B]) = ([A,\beta H], B)_{\beta} \tag{87}$$

and conclude that

$$|\omega_{\beta}([A,B])|^{2} \leq \frac{\beta}{2} \omega_{\beta}([A^{*},[H,A]]) \omega_{\beta}(\{B^{*},B\})$$
(88)