

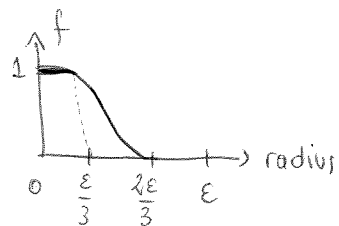
Ex. 1. Here are some brief notes for the 2-dim case

(This particular exercise won't be relevant for the exam, but if you still want to discuss it, feel free to come to my office).

Since the Riemann structure on M is flat, it is locally isomorphic to the standard structure $(\omega_0, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{G}_0)$ on \mathbb{R}^2 , i.e., $\omega_0 = dx \wedge dy$ and \mathcal{F}_0 (resp. \mathcal{G}_0) has leaves $\mathbb{R} \times \{c\}$ (resp. $\{c\} \times \mathbb{R}$) for $c \in \mathbb{R}$.

This means we can find a Darboux chart around $p \in M$, i.e. a diffeomorphism $\varphi: U \xrightarrow{p \mapsto 0} B_\varepsilon(0) \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$, $\varepsilon > 0$ where U is an open nbhd of p , which takes \mathcal{F} to \mathcal{F}_0 and \mathcal{G} to \mathcal{G}_0 and satisfies $\varphi^*(dx \wedge dy) = \omega|_U$.

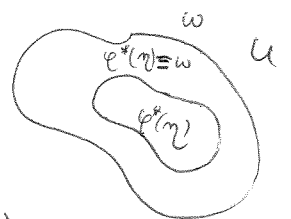
Now we modify the non-flat Riemann structure from Sheet 9 Ex. 4 to make it standard outside a small nbhd of $(0,0) \in \mathbb{R}^2$. Let $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a smooth cutoff function of the form



i.e., which is 1 in $B_{\varepsilon/3}(0)$ and 0 outside $\overline{B_{2\varepsilon/3}(0)}$.

Define $\eta := \frac{1}{2} (2 + f(x,y) \sin(2\pi x) \sin(2\pi y)) dx \wedge dy$. Then $(\eta, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{G}_0)$

is a non-flat Riemann structure which agrees with $(\omega_0, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{G}_0)$ outside $\overline{B_{2\varepsilon/3}(0)}$.
 ↪ since by our computation on sheet 9 it was nonflat in the origin



By construction, $\varphi^*(\eta)|_{U \setminus \varphi^{-1}(\overline{B_{2\varepsilon/3}(0)})} = \omega|_{U \setminus \varphi^{-1}(\overline{B_{2\varepsilon/3}(0)})}$

and so we can glue the two Riemann forms to obtain a modified

symplectic form ω' on M . This ω' is diffeomorphic to η in a small nbhd $\varphi^{-1}(B_{\varepsilon/3}(0)) \subseteq U$ of p , and agrees with ω outside U . Moreover, F and G are still complementary Lagrangian foliations for ω' . So (ω', F, G) is ~~the~~ ^a ~~standard~~ modified Kuranishi structure on M which is no longer flat at p , as desired.