## Mathematical Quantum Mechanics

## Problem Sheet 1

Hand-in deadline: 27.10.2016 before 12:00 in the designated MQM box (1st floor, next to the library).

**Exercise 1:** In the physical literature some of the features of quantum theory are often considered to have non-important technical nature. In this exercise we would like to discuss their necessity.

1. Assume that the Born–Jordan commutation relation

$$[p,q] = -\mathrm{i}\hbar\tag{1}$$

is satisfied by  $n \times n$  matrices p and q ( $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ) with reduced Planck constant  $\hbar$ . Conclude that the Planck constant must be zero, i.e., there is no quantum mechanics. Find a proof which does not use eigenvectors.

- 2. Assume that two observables p and q are defined everywhere on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ , satisfy the Born-Jordan commutation relation (1), and that one of them has an eigenvector. Show that there is no quantum mechanics in the above sense.
- 3. Still more generally, assume that p and q are defined on a common dense subspace  $\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{H}$  that is invariant under p and q, i.e.  $p\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}$ ,  $q\mathcal{D} \subset \mathcal{D}$ . Prove that, if (1) holds, then at least one of the operators por q must be unbounded.

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